

# NSG 200 Line Interference Simulation System



The Classic Line

### Introduction

Electrical supply networks are, unfortunately, not free from interference. Influences on the supply system such as lightning strikes, defects and switching operations necessitated for operational reasons are just a few of the effects that ultimately affect the cleanliness of the electrical supply. Added to this, all loads are also sources of interference to some extent or another. The same loads are, however, usually also victims of the interference inasmuch as problem-free operation can be intermittently or permanently disrupted. Modern items of electronic apparatus in the home, the office and in industry are particularly sensitive to uncleanliness in the power supplied to them.

Interference on the mains and the effects caused, i.e. the incorrect behaviour of the electronic apparatus, occur only sporadically and are therefore correspondingly difficult to identify. Manufacturers of equipment hence have to take concerted measures, such as filtering, screening, etc., during both the development and manufacture of their products to ensure immunity against the known interference factors.

These effects are simulated by interference generators in a concentrated and exactly reproducible manner. They provide a means for analysing the interference immunity of equipment and systems during development, for examining the effectiveness of improvement measures as well as for assuring electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) during manufacture and quality control.

SCHAFFNER Generators in the NSG 200 series includes a complete range of instruments for the simulation of the most important line-borne types of interference. Through the use of the concept of a mainframe and a selection of plug-in generator modules, application-oriented test sets can be assembled with the possibility of subsequent extentions.

Many test procedures have been set down as Standards by international and national committees such as ANSI-IEEE, IEC, ECMA, CENELEC, NAMUR, etc. The generators in the NSG 200 series conform to these specifications and are furnished with additional features to provide the user with extended analysis possibilities.

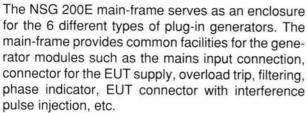
SCHAFFNER instruments have had a considerable influence on the practical side of testing in the EMC field.

Configuration and operation of the NSG 200 generator system has been engineered for simple handling under practical working conditions. A wide range of accessories is available to help the user arrange his test set-up in a safe and rational manner.



### **NSG 200E Main-frame**

- Main-frame in a table-top housing
- Country-specific versions
- Switchable EUT supply
- Phase monitoring



Although built as a table-top housing, the main-frame can also be installed in a 19" rack by adding a pair of mounting flanges.



Instrument power supply

Mains voltage 100 ... 120 V / 220 ... 240 V

Frequency 50 / 60 Hz Power consumption <300 VA

**EUT** power supply

AC 50/60 Hz 12 ... 250 V, 16A<sub>rms</sub> max. AC 400 Hz 24 ... 250 V, 6A<sub>rms</sub> max.

DC 5 ... 50 V (250 V),

16 A max.

Impedance  $Z = 0.4 \Omega + jw 0.001 \Omega$ 

Voltage drop AC 50/60 Hz, 16 A: approx. 9 V

> AC 400 Hz, 6 A: approx.15 V DC 16 A: approx. 7 V

Signal lamps For phase indication Power input 3-pin 16 A apparatus

connector

(IEC 320, VDE 0626/78)
Protection Thermal cut-out

Protection Thermal cut-out 2-pole/16 A

Earth leakage current Up to 10 mA

at 220 V 50 Hz

EUT connector SCHUKO or UL 498/13,

country-specific adapters and laboratory safety

sockets



**Dimensions** 

Width: 437 mm or 17.2" (19" chassis)

Height: 150 mm or 5.9"

Depth: 345 mm or 13.6"

Weight: 10.5 kg or 23 lbs

Accessories (included)

Mains cable

402-251

Cable for power to EUT

Socket for EUT (country specific)

Optional accessories

402-227 Universal safety connectors

(set of 3 pieces)

Measurement adapter



### **NSG 203A Mains Dropout** and Variation

- Simulates mains drop-outs in the ms range
- Under/over-voltage test
- Single triggering or Repetitive operation

The NSG 203A module generates brief supply interruptions to the EUT such as those that frequently occur in supply networks through switching operations. The drop-out period and the repetition interval can both be varied over wide ranges.

Electronic equipment with semiconductor memories have to be subjected to such tests in order to determine their "holding time" and to be able to guarantee their reliable operation.



Further, by means of an additional regulating transformer, sudden voltage changes can be simulated typical of those that are caused on supply lines when heavy loads are switched on or off. Direct jumps from over-voltage to under-voltage or vice-versa can be achieved through the use of two variable transformers.

#### Standards

IEC204-1 (1981) NAMUR Part 1 (1988) etc.

IEC TC 77 A&B NW&M Lab 0320 (1981)

#### **Technical specifications**

Mains input voltage Output voltage

250 Vac max. 50/60 Hz 600 Vac max. (after the regulating transformer)

Current to EUT 0.1 ... 16 A<sub>rms</sub>

Mains drop-out, short

1.5 ms ... 30 ms 25 ms ... 500 ms

Repetition interval

0.6 s ... 25 s

Line voltage variation short

10 ms ... 300 ms

long Repetition interval

0.25 s ... 5 s 0.6 s ... 25 s

Monitor output

50 mV/A current conver-

Drop-out triggering

Gate

single pulse or continuous ext. gate/inhibit

Trigger output

start/end, for oscilloscope or MD 203

**Dimensions** 

Weight

265 x 130 x 340 mm (10.43 x 5.12 x 13.39") 5.2 kg or 11.45 lbs approx.

Accessories (included)

431-818 Dummy connector

Optional accessories

431-828 Connecting cable for 1 regulating transformer

431-829 Connecting cable for 2 regulating transformers

MD 203 Interval counter

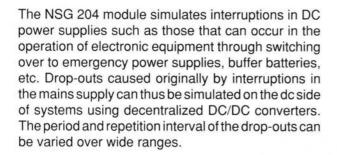
Pair of BNC cable, 0.5 m 402-737

for MD 203



## **NSG 204 DC** Dropout

- Simulates ms drop-outs in DC supplies
- Fast load-change tests
- Test circuit is opto-isolated
- Test range from 5 to 220V DC/ 10A





Test voltage 5 ... 220 Vdc 10 A max. Test current

Drop-out time, short 1 ... 60 ms

30 ... 2000 ms long Cycle time, short 0.2 ... 2 s 0.8 ... 10 s

long Switching time

at 100 V/2 A On -> Off < 2 us

Off -> On < 1  $\mu$ s

at 15 V/10 A On -> Off < 2 us

Off -> On < 1 us

Max. voltage drop

at 10 A 2 V

Drop-out triggering Single pulse or repetitive

Gate

ext. gate/inhibit Trigger output Start/End, for oscilloscope

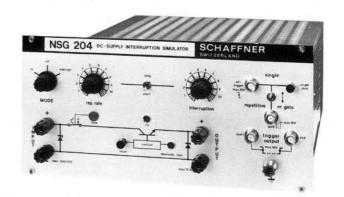
or MD 203

Overload cut-out

Switch off time magnetic

> at 20 A < 1 min at 30 A < 20 ms

electronic at 40 A < 10  $\mu$ s



Voltage variation tests can also be carried out by connecting two suitable supply voltages. The module can also be used to test the behaviour of parts of a circuit under abrupt load change conditions.

Electronic fuses protect the instrument and the test circuit against overloads. The test circuit is insulated from the instrument supply by an opto-isolator.

#### Standards

NAMUR Part 1 (1988) etc.

Dimensions: 265 x 130 x 340 mm

(10.43 x 5.12 x 13.39")

Weight 6.8 kg or 15 lbs approx.

Optional accessories

MD 203 Interval counter

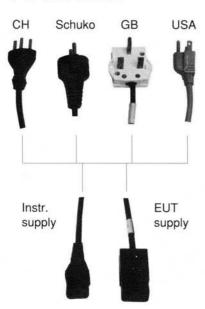
402-737 Pair of BNC cable, 0.5 m

for MD 203



## **Accessories**

# Plugs for mains and test cables





### **Ordering Information**

#### **NSG 200E**

In accordance with the order number, the instrument is set to the appropriate line voltage before leaving the factory and is fitted with the country- specific outlet sockets (or adapters) as well as mains cables for the instrument supply and the power feed to the EUT.

Order No.	Country	Plug type	Mains
NSG 200E - 01	D/S/NL/I/E/		
	N/SF/etc.	Schuko	220 240 V; 50/60 Hz
NSG 200E - 02	CH	Typ 13	220 240 V; 50/60 Hz
NSG 200E - 03	F/B	Typ 530 19	220 240 V; 50/60 Hz
NSG 200E - 04	USA/CAN/FE	UL 498/13	100 120 V; 50/60 Hz
NSG 200E - 05	GB	BS 1363	220 240 V; 50/60 Hz

Please add the designation RACK for the flanged version intended for installation in a 19" cabinet.

Example: NSG 200E - 01/RACK

#### Generators

The plug-ins are set to the correct line voltage and frequency at the factory. The appropriate mains socket (or adapter must also be stated for the NSG 222A and NSG 225A.

adapter 1000:1

The full ordering information is as follows:

Туре	Voltage	Frequency	Plug type
NSG 203A NSG 204 NSG 222A NSG 223A NSG 224A NSG 225A	100 V or 110 V or 120 V or 220 V or 230 V or 240 V	50 Hz or 60 Hz	Schuko or CH or F or USAor GB

Example: NSG 225A/220V/50Hz/F

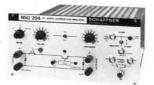


#### **NSG 203 A**



431-828 Connecting cable for 1 regulating tr. 431-829 Connecting cable for 2 regulating tr.

#### **NSG 204**



### **NSG 222A**



#### **NSG 225A**

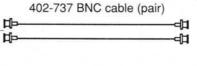


#### **NSG 223A**



#### **NSG 224A**





#### MD 203



Interval counter

#### **NSG 426**



Data lines Coupling unit (incl. cables)



400-063 Coupl. clamp (for NSG 426)



CDN 125 Coupling clamp IEC 801-4 (incl. cable)

402-379

Attenuator 6 dB

#### **CDN 300**

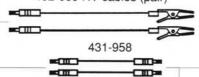


3-phase FT/Burst coupling network (incl. cables)



400-070 Additional impedance (IEC255-4)

#### 402-089 HV cables (pair)



#### HV cables (Pair)



box

**NSG 523** 



3-phase coupling network



### **NSG 222A Fast Transients**

- Fast interference pulses in the ns range
- Built-in coupling network
- Accessories enable extended applications
- Suitable for detailed analyses



Switches, relays and other contacting devices produce fast interference pulses through contact bouncing and sparking. These pulses spread throughout supply networks and linking cables, and can find their way into neighboring equipment. The pulses have steep rising edges and hence generate a wide interference spectrum to which fast logic circuits are particularly susceptible.

The NSG 222A generator simulates these sources of interference with pulses in the form 5 ns/100 ns.

A built-in coupling network designed for both symmetrical and asymmetrical pulse injection enables apparatus to be tested on the mains side. Through the use

of accessories, the pulse output can be utilised to carry out various tests on data lines, 3-phase supplies, at the sub-assembly level, etc.

The continuously setting of the pulse amplitude, the choice of two different pulse rise times, the phaserelated coupling and the single pulse function make the generator eminently suitable for detailed analyses of the interference susceptibility of electronic devices.

#### Standards

EEC 4517/79 COM (78) 766 Final NW&M Lab 0320 (1981) Loyd's Register's Type Approval Scheme (1985) etc.

**Technical specifications** 

Pulse amplitude 50V ... 2500V (unloaded) Rise time

5 ns  $\pm$  20% and

10 ns ± 20%

Pulse duration 100 ns + 20% (unloaded) 80 ns  $\pm$  15% (into 50 Ω)

Polarity pos./neg. Digital display

3-digit  $\pm$  5%,  $\pm$  1 Digit

Internal impedance  $50 \Omega \pm 10\%$ 

Repetition frequency Mains freq., 1/5 mains freq. Single triggering Manual or ext. trigger Phase angle 0 ... 360° adjust. ± 20%

or free running

Coupling symmetrical, asymmetrical **Dimensions** 

265 x 130 x 340mm (10.43 x 5.12 x 13.39")

3.2kg or 7 lbs

Weight

Optional accessories

NSG 426 Coupling unit for signal lines 400-063 Coupling clamp for signal cables **CDN 125** Coupling clamp according

to IEC 801-4

**CDN 300** FT/Burst coupling unit, 3-phase

156-154 HV coaxial plug

402-227 Universal safety connectors (set

of 3 pieces)



### NSG 223A High energy pulses

- High energy standard pulses
   1.2/50 μs
- Symmetrical and asymmetrical mains coupling
- Component tests up to 5 kV

The NSG 223A module generates high energy pulses typical of those produced by switching inductive and capacitive loads, lightning strikes, etc. The pulses can be symmetrically or asymmetrically superimposed on the mains supply by means of the coupler in the main-frame as well as being available via separate sockets for component testing purposes. Because of their relatively high energy of about 2 Joules, the pulses can result in damage to unprotected or unsuitably arranged elements in input circuits.



This type of pulse is defined by various standards, IEC 801-5 among them. Compared to this specification, the NSG 223A generator has a somewhat higher internal impedance of 45  $\Omega$  in keeping with the wishes of many instrument manufacturers and test departments to overcome the danger of stressing components too much.

Clearly arranged operating elements enable the various test parameters such as the pulse amplitude, phase angle, polarity, repetition mode, etc. to be readily adjusted as desired.

#### Standards

IEC 801-5 (limited) IEC 60-2 VDE 0432, Part 22 NAMUR, Part 1 VDE 0433, Part 3

#### **Technical specifications**

#### Pulse data

Operating mode	SYM	ASYM	OUTPUT	Tol.
Amplitude max.				
unloaded	1000 V	3000 V	1/3/5 kV	± 10 %
Rise time t,	1,2 μs	1,2 μs	1,2 μs	± 30 %
switchable t,	150 ns	500 ns	500 ns	± 30 %
Pulse durat. tw	50 μs <sup>1)</sup>	50 μs ¹)	50 μs ¹)	± 20 %
Impedance R	5 Ω	45 Ω	5/45/125 Ω	± 10 %
1) at 100 % ampl	itude		1	

Pulse energy
Polarity
Phase angle
Repetition rate
Single pulse

2 Joules approx.
pos./neg.
0 ... 360°
1/8 mains frequency
manual triggering or
ext. trigger

Trigger input ext. trigger/gate
Monitor output 1000 : 1

Trigger output pulse and phase zero crossing for oscilloscope

triggering

Dimensions: 265 x 130 x 340 mm

(10.43 x 5.12 x 13.39")

Weight: 5.4kg or 11.9 lbs

Accessories (included)

156-154 ÄV coaxial plug

#### Optional accessories

402-139

402-089

HV cable set with universal connectors for EUT connection

400-070

Additional impedance for insulation testing (IEC 255-4)

NSG 523

3-phase coupling network

HV cable, 0.4 m (pair)

Distribution box



### **NSG 224A Medium Energy Pulses**

- Interference pulses of up to 120mJ
- Pulse voltage display via DVM



Interference susceptibility testing with medium energy pulses is called for in various Standards as well as by calibration centres for automatic weighing and measuring systems.

The NSG 224A generator produces three types of interference pulses with fixed relationships between the rise time, pulse duration and repetition rate in each case. The pulse amplitude, and hence the pulse energy, is infinitely adjustable.

The interference pulses can be superimposed symmetrically or asymmetrically on the mains supply in either an in-phase or free running manner. The pulses are available in their pure form at HV sockets for use with external couplers.

#### Standards

NW&M Lab 0320 (1981) BS 6491 Part 1 (1984)

OIML No. 11 (1986) DS 5103 (1986)

#### **Technical specifications**

Pu	se	tv	pe

Pulse type	-1	11	Ш	Tol.
Pulse duration	1 μs	3 μs	10 μs	±20%
Rise time	25 ns	35 ns	100 ns	±20%
Amplitude	50 2500 V	502500 V	502500 V	±10%
Repetition rate	1 or 10 Hz	1 Hz	1 Hz	
Energy 1)	12,5 mJ	38 mJ	120 mJ	

(1) at 2500V into  $R_1 = 50 \Omega$ )

Polarity pos./neg. Generator impedance 50  $\Omega$ 

HV coaxial connector Pulse output Mains coupling symmetrical/asymmetrical

Phase angle synchronous, 0 ... 360 ° asynchronous

Single pulses Push-button operation or external

Trigger input

Ext. Trigger / Gate Trigger output to synchronize oscilloscope Dimensions: 265x130x340mm

(10.43 x 5.12 x 13.39")

Weight: 3.5kg or 7.7 lbs approx.

Accessories (included)

156-154 HV coaxial plug

#### Optional accessories

402-089 HV cable set with universal con-

nectors for EUT connection

NSG 523 3-phase coupling network 431-958 HV-cable, 0.4m (Pair) 402-139 Distribution box



### NSG 225A Burst simulator

- Test in conformity with IEC 801-4
- Test classes I to IV
- Built-in coupler

Inductively loaded mechanical switches, relays, etc. produce interference signals in the form of pulse bursts. The pulses have a fast rise time and hence generate a wide interference spectrum extending to over 200MHz to which digital and analogue electronic circuits are particularly sensitive. The summing effect of a burst of pulses serve to increase the demand for interference immunity for analogue circuitry.

Important Standards, such as the IEC 801-4, VDE 0843/4 and CENELEC HD 481/4 define the necessary interference immunity for various categories of instrument. The burst test are relevant not just to the mains connections but also to data and control lines.



The NSG 225A generator simulates these pulse bursts for the specified test classes. The pulse is superimposed on the EUT supply via an incorporated single phase coupler so that the EUT can be connected directly to the built-in mains socket.

The pulses are also available at a HV output for connection to auxiliary devices for coupling into 3-phase supplies, data lines, etc.

#### Standards

IEC 801-4	CENELEC HD 481/4			
NAMUR (1988)	VDE 0843/4			
etc.				

#### **Technical specifications**

Pulse data (unloaded)"

Test level	1	Ш	III	IV	Tol.
Amplitude	500 V	1000 V	2000 V	4000 V	±10%
Burst frequecy	5 kHz	5 kHz	5 kHz	2,5 kHz	±20%

Rise time t.  $5 \text{ ns} \pm 30 \% \text{ into } 50 \Omega$ Pulse duration t  $50 \, \text{ns} \pm 30 \, \%$  into  $50 \, \Omega$ Burst duration t Burst 15 ms ± 20 % Repetition t Rep 300 ms ± 20 % Polarity pos/neg Generator impedance  $50 \Omega \pm 20 \%$  (dynamic) Pulse output HV coaxial connector Coupling 1-phase mains coupling L1 => Reference earth L2 => Reference earth SL => Reference earth L1 und L2 => Ref. earth

Cross talk
attenuation > 30 dB (between lines)
Monitor for pulse rate measurement
Gate pulse inhibit

Dimensions 270x130x340mm (10.62 x 5.12 x 13.39")

Weight 3.9kg or 8.6 lbs approx.

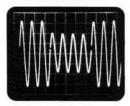
#### Optional accessories

0011405	
CDN 125	Coupling clamp conforming to
	IEC 801-4
402-379	Attenuator 6dB, for coupling
	clamp
CDN 300	3-phase FT/burst coupler
NSG 426	Coupler unit for data lines
400-063	Coupling clamp, small, for use
	with NSG 426
402-378	Attenuator 100:1, for pulse
	measurements
156-154	HV coaxial plug
402-227	Universal safety connectors
	(set of 3 items)
	(001 01 0 1101110)

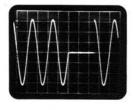


### Typical pulse shapes

#### **NSG 203A**

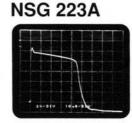


Under-voltage test



Short dropout

#### NSG 204 (as NSG 203A but for DC-Supplies)



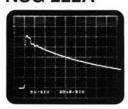
Pulse shape 1,2/50 µs

#### **NSG 224A**



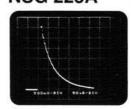
Pulse shape 100 ns/10 µs

#### **NSG 222A**



Pulse shape 5/100 ns

#### **NSG 225A**



Bursts - single pulse shape 5/50 ns

Change without notice

#### International sales and production subsidiaries

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